Installation, Maintenance & Troubleshooting Guide

Problem: Conveyor runs to one side at given point on structure

Cause: Buildup of material on idlers

Solutions: Remove accumulation; improve maintenance; install

scrapers or other cleaning devices

Cause: Sticking idlers

Solutions: Free idlers and improve maintenance and lubrication Cause: Idlers or pulleys out-of-square with center line of belt

Solutions: Readjust idlers in affected area Cause: Conveyor frame or structure crooked Solutions: Straighten in affected area Cause: Idler stands not centered on belt Solutions: Readjust idlers in affected area

Cause: Structure not level

Solutions: Level structure in affected area

Problem: Particular section of belt runs to one side at all points on the conveyor.

Cause: Belt not spliced/joined squarely Solutions: Remove affected splice and re-splice

Cause: Bowed belt

Solutions: For a new belt, this condition should disappear during break-in; in rare instances, belt must be straightened or replaced; check storage and handling of the belt rolls

Problem: Belt runs to one side for long distance or entire length of the conveyor

Cause: Belt running off-center around the tail pulley and through the loading area

Solutions :Install training idlers on the return side prior to the tail pulley

Cause: Off-center or poor loading

Solutions: Adjust chute to place load on center of belt; discharge material in direction of belt travel at or near belt speed

Cause: Buildup of material on idlers

Solutions: Remove accumulation; improve maintenance; install

scrapers or other cleaning devices

Cause: Idlers or pulleys out-of-square with center line of the belt

Solutions: Readjust idlers in the affected area Cause: Conveyor frame or structure crooked Solutions: Straighten in affected area Cause: Idler stands not centered on belt Solutions: Readjust idlers in affected area

Problem: Belt runs off at the tail pulley

Cause: Belt running off-center around the tail pulley and through the loading area

Solutions: Install training idlers on the return side prior to the tail Pulley

Cause: Material spillage and buildup

Solutions: Improve loading and transfer conditions; install cleaning

devices; improve maintenance

Cause: Idlers or pulleys out-of-square with center line of the belt

Solutions: Readjust idlers in the affected area

Problem: Belt runs off at the head pulley

Cause: Pulley lagging worn Solutions: Replace the pulley lagging Cause: Material spillage and buildup

Solutions: Improve loading and transfer conditions; install cleaning

devices; improve maintenance

Cause: Idlers or pulleys out-of-square with center line of the belt

Solutions: Readjust idlers in the affected area Cause: Idler stands not centered on the belt; Solutions: Readjust the idlers in the affected area

Problem : Belt slip

Cause: Insufficient traction between the belt and pulley:

Solutions: Lag the drive pulley; increase the belt wrap; install belt-

cleaning devices

Cause: Pulley lagging worn

Solutions: Replace the pulley lagging Cause: Counterweight too light

Solutions: Add counterweight or increase the screw take-up tension to

value determined from calculations Cause: Material spillage and buildup

Solutions: Improve loading and transfer conditions

Cause: Sticking idlers

Solutions: Free idlers and improve maintenance and lubrication

Problem : Excessive belt stretch

Cause: Improper initial positioning of the counterweight in its carriage.

causing apparent excessive belt stretch

Solutions: Check the Continental Davis Industrial Handbook of Belting

for the recommended initial position

Cause: Tension too high

Solutions: Increase belt speed at same tonnage; reduce tonnage, maintain same belt speed; reduce friction with better maintenance and replacement of damaged idlers; decrease tension by increasing arc of contact or go to lagged pulley; reduce the counterweight to minimum amount

Cause: Counterweight too heavy

Solutions: Lighten counterweight to the value required by calculations

Cause: System under belted

Solutions: Recalculate belt tensions and select proper belt

Problem: Grooving, gouging or stripping of the top cover

Cause: Skirt boards improperly adjusted or wrong material

Solutions: Adjust the skirt board supports to a minimum of 1" between metal and belt, with gap increasing in direction of belt travel; use skirt board rubber, not old belt

Cause: Material hanging up in or under the chute

Solutions: Improve loading to reduce spillage; install baffles; widen

Cause: Impact of material on the belt

Solutions: Reduce impact by improving the chute design; install impact

Problem: Excessive top cover wear, uniform around the belt

Cause: Dirty, stuck or misaligned return rolls

Solutions: Remove accumulation; install cleaning devices; use selfcleaning return rolls; improve maintenance and lubrication

Cause: Cover quality too low

Solutions: Replace with a belt of heavier-cover gauge or higher-quality

Cause: Material spillage or buildup

Solutions: Improve loading and transfer conditions; install cleaning

devices; improve maintenance Cause: Off-center loading or poor loading

Solutions: Adjust the chute to place the load on the center of the belt: discharge material in the direction of belt travel at or near the belt speed

Cause: Excessive sag between idlers causing the load to work and shuffle on the belt as it passes over idlers

Solutions: Increase tension if unnecessarily low; reduce idler spacing

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Problem: Severe pulley cover wear

Cause: Sticking idlers

Solutions: Free idlers; improve maintenance and lubrication

Cause: Slippage on the drive pulley

Solutions: Increase tension through screw take-up or add counterweight; lag the drive pulley; increase arc of contact

Cause: Material spillage and buildup

Solutions: Improve loading and transfer conditions; install cleaning

devices; improve maintenance

Cause: Material trapped between the belt and pulley

Solutions: Install plows or scraper on return run ahead of tail pulley

Cause: Bolt heads protruding above lagging

Solutions: Tighten bolts; replace lagging; use vulcanized on lagging

Cause: Excessive forward tilt of trough rolls

Solutions: Reduce forward tilt of idlers no more than 2 degrees from

vertical

Problem: Longitudinal grooving or cracking of bottom cover

Cause: Sticking idlers

Solutions: Free idlers and improve maintenance and lubrication

Cause: Slippage on the drive pulley

Solutions: Increase tension through screw take-up or add counterweight; lag the drive pulley; increase arc of contact

Cause: Material spillage and buildup

Solutions: Improve loading and transfer conditions; install cleaning

devices; improve maintenance Cause: Pulley lagging worn Solutions: Replace pulley lagging

Problem: Covers harden or crack

Cause: Heat or chemical damage

Solutions: Use the belt designed for the specific condition

Cause: Improper storage or handling

Solutions : Contact us for proper storage and handling instructions

Problem: Covers swell in spots or streaks

Cause: Spilled oil or grease; over-lubrication of idlers

Solutions: Improve house keeping; reduce quantity of grease used;

check grease seals

Problem: Belt breaks at or behind fasteners; fasteners pull out

Cause: Fastener plates too long for pulley size

Solutions: Replace with smaller fasteners; increase pulley size

Cause: Wrong type of fastener; fasteners too tight or too loose

Solutions: Use proper fasteners and splice technique; set up schedule

for fastener inspection
Cause: Tension too high

Solutions : Increase belt speed, same tonnage; reduce tonnage,

maintain same belt speed; reduce friction with better maintenance and replacement of damaged idlers; decrease tension by increasing arc of contact or go to lagged pulley; reduce the counterweight to minimum

amount

Cause: Heat or chemical damage

Solutions: Use belt designed for specific conditions

Problem: Vulcanized splice separation

Cause: Pulleys too small

Solutions: Use larger-diameter pulleys

Cause: Tension too high

Solutions: Increase belt speed, same tonnage; reduce tonnage, maintain same belt speed; reduce friction with better maintenance and replacement of damaged idlers; decrease tension by increasing arc of contact or go to lagged pulley; reduce the-counter weight to minimum amount

Cause: Material trapped between belt and pulley

Solutions:Install plows or scrapers on return run ahead of the tail pulley Cause: Improper transition between troughed belt and terminal pulleys

Solutions: Adjust in accordance with our recommendations

Problem : Excessive edge wear, broken edges

Cause: Off-center loading or poor loading
Solutions: Adjust chute to place the load on the center of the belt;

discharge material in direction of belt travel at or near belt speed

Cause: Material spillage and buildup

Solutions: Improve loading and transfer conditions; install cleaning

devices; improve maintenance Cause: Belt hitting structure

Solutions: Install training idlers on carry and return run

Cause : Bowed belt

Solutions: For a new belt, this condition should disappear during break-in; in rare instances, the belt must be straightened or replaced;

check storage and handling of belt rolls

Problem: Transverse breaks at belt edge

Cause: Belt edges folding up on structure

Solutions: Install limit switches; provide more clearance

Cause: Improper transition between troughed belt and terminal pulleys

Solutions : Adjust transitions in accordance with Davis Industrial

Handbook of Conveyor and Elevator Belting Cause: Severe convex (hump) vertical curve

Solutions: Decrease idler spacing in vertical curve; increase curve

radius; consult us for assistance

Problem : Short breaks in carcass parallel to belt edge, star breaks in carcass

Cause: Impact of material on the belt

Solutions : Reduce impact by reducing the chute design; install impact

idlers

Cause: Material trapped between belt and pulley

Solutions: Install plows or scrapers on return run ahead of tail pulley

Problem : Ply separation

Cause : Insufficient transverse stiffness

Solutions: Replace with the proper belt

Cause: Pulleys too small

Solutions : Use larger-diameter pulleys Cause : Heat or chemical damage

Solutions: Use the belt designed for specific condition

Problem : Carcass fatigue at idler junction

Cause : Improper transition between troughed belt and terminal pulleys

Solutions: Adjust transition in accordance with Davis Industrial

Handbook of Conveyor and Elevator Belting Cause: Severe convex (hump) vertical curve

Solutions : Decrease idler spacing in curve; increase curve radius

Cause: Excessive forward tilt of troughed rolls

Solutions: Reduce forward tilt of idlers to no more than 2 degrees from

/ertical

Cause: Excessive gap between idler rolls

Solutions: Replace idlers; replace with heavier belt

Cause: Insufficient transverse stiffness Solutions: Replace with the proper belt

Cause: Excess gap between idlers, causing load to work and shuffle

on the belt as it passes over idlers

Solutions: Increase tension if unnecessarily low; reduce idler spacing

Problem: Cover blisters or sandblisters

Cause: Cover cuts or very small cover punctures allow fines to work under the cover and propagate between the cover and carcass Solutions: Make a vulcanized spot repair or a self-curing repair

Cause : Spilled oil or grease, over lubrication of idlers

Solutions: Improve housekeeping; reduce quantity of grease used; check grease seals